



ACCORDING TO COMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878 and UK REACH

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier

Product Name GMS Marking fluid.

Contains Ethanol; molybdenum trioxide; ammonium trioxovanadate;

2-butoxyethanol; solvent naphtha (petroleum), light, aromatic; condensation products of dimerised fatty acids, C18- unsaturated, with N,N-dimethyl-1,3- propanediamine

and 1,3-propanediamine.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified Use(s) For the electrolytic chemical etching of metals

Uses Advised Against Restricted to professional users.

Not recommended for use on titanium, plastics, or

aluminium substrates.

Not for private (household) purposes.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/supplier Pryor Marking Technology Ltd.
Address of manufacturer Global HQ: Egerton Street

Sheffield UK S1 4JX

Telephone +44 (0) 114 276 6044
Fax +44 (0) 114 276 6890
E-mail address of competent person info@pryormarking.com

responsible

Office hours 08:30-17:00

1.4 Emergency telephone number

+44 (0) 114 276 6044 (English)

Monday to Thursday, 08:30-17:30 GMT

Friday, 08:30-15:30 GMT

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

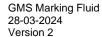
2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

2.1.1 Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP) and GB CLP

Flam Liq. 2	H225
Acute Tox. 4	H302
Skin Sens. 1A	H317
Eye Irrit. 2	H319
STOT SE 3	H335
Muta. 1B	H340
Carc. 1B	H350
Repr. 2	H361
STOT RE 2	H373
Aquatic Chronic 3	H412

2.1.2 Additional information

See section 16 for full text of Hazard Statements





2.2 Label elements

According to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP) and GB CLP

Product Name GMS Marking fluid.

Hazard Pictograms







Signal Word(s)

Danger

Hazard Statement(s)

H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour

H302: Harmful if swallowed

H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction H319: Causes serious eye irritation H335: May cause respiratory irritation

H340: May cause genetic defects

H350: May cause cancer

H361: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child (oral)

(developmental toxicity)

H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure (respiratory tract, inhalation)

H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary Statement(s)

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof [electrical/ventilating/lighting/] equipment.

P242 Use non-sparking tools.

P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.

P260 Do not breathe fumes/mist/vapours/spray.

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink, or smoke when using this product.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/ hearing protection.

P301 + P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P330 Rinse mouth.

P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all



contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use foam, water spray, CO₂, or dry powder to

extinguish.

P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/national

regulation.

Supplementary Hazard Information (EU) EUH066 'Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking'.

Hazard determining component(s) Ethanol

Molybdenum trioxide Ammonium trioxovanadate

2-butoxyethanol

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light, aromatic

Condensation products of dimerised fatty acids, C18- unsaturated, with

N,N-dimethyl-1,3- propanediamine and 1,3-propanediamine

Special labelling of certain mixtures Restricted to professional users.

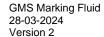
2.3 Other hazards

May form explosive peroxides. This mixture does not contain substances that are PBT or vPvB. This mixture does not cause endocrine disruption.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2 Mixtures

Ingredient	CAS No. / EC No. / Index No.	REACH Registration No.	%W/W	Classification according to Regulation EC 1272/2008 (CLP)	SCL/ M-factor/ ATE/ Particle Characteristics
Ethanol	64-17-5 /	-	≥60 - <70	Flam. Liq. 2 H225	WEL
	200-578-6 /				
	603-002-00-5				
Molybdenum trioxide	1313-27-5 /	-	≥30 - <40	Carc. 2 H351	WEL
	215-204-7 /			Eye Irrit. 2 H319	
	042-001-00-9			STOT SE 3 H335	
Ammonium trioxovanadate	7803-55-6 /	-	≥2 - <7	Acute Tox. 3 H301	-
	232-261-3 /			Eye Irrit. 2 H319	
	-			Acute Tox. 4 H332	
				Repr. 2 H361 (oral)	
				(developmental toxicity)	
				STOT RE 1 H372 (Respiratory	
				track) (inhalation)	
				Aquatic Chronic 2 H411	
Mica	12001-26-2 /	-	<7	Not classified	WEL
	601-648-2 /				
	-				
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2 /	-	≥0.5 - <2	Acute Tox. 3 H331	Inhalation:
	203-905-0 /			Acute Tox. 4 H302	ATE = 3 mg/L





	603-014-00-0			Skin Irrit. 2 H315	(Vapours)
				Eye Irrit. 2 H319	Oral:
					ATE = 1200
					mg/kg bw (-)
					WEL
Ethyl acetate	141-78-6 /	-	≥0.5 - <2	Flam. Liq. 2 H225	EUH066
	205-500-4 /			Eye Irrit. 2 H319	
	607-022-00-5			STOT SE 3 H336	WEL
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	64742-95-6 /	-	≥0.3 - <1	Carc. 1B H350	WEL
light, aromatic	265-199-0 /			Muta. 1B H340	
	649-356-00-4			Asp. Tox. 1 H304	
Condensation products of	162627-17-0 /	-	≥0.3 - <1	Skin Sens. 1A H317	-
dimerised fatty acids, C18-	605-296-0 /				
unsaturated, with N,N-dimethy	I- -				
1,3- propanediamine and 1,3-					
propanediamine					
Methanol	67-56-1 /	-	<0.3	Flam. Liq. 2 H225	STOT SE 1; H370:
	200-578-6 /			Acute Tox. 3 H331	C≥10 %
	603-001-00-X			Acute Tox. 3 H311	STOT SE 2; H371:
				Acute Tox. 3 H301	3 % ≤ C<10 %
				STOT SE 1 H370	
					WEL

For full text of H Statements see section 16.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General notes If symptoms occur, consult a doctor. Show this safety data

sheet to the doctor in attendance.

Following inhalation May cause respiratory irritation. Remove person to fresh air

and keep comfortable for breathing. If symptoms occur: Get

medical advice/attention.

Following skin contact (or hair contact) Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May cause an allergic skin

reaction. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower]. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get

medical advice/attention.

Following eye contact Causes serious eye irritation. Rinse cautiously with water for

several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical

advice/attention.

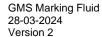
Following ingestion Harmful if swallowed. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel

unwell.

Self-protection of the first aider Ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal

protective equipment according to the incident, injury, and

surroundings.





4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Harmful if swallowed. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child (oral) (developmental toxicity). May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (respiratory tract, inhalation).

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media

Foam, water spray, carbon dioxide or dry powder. Use water to cool fire-exposed containers and to disperse vapour.

Do not use water jet. Direct water jet may spread the fire

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May form explosive peroxides. Cool containers exposed to flames with plenty of water until well after the fire is out. Vapour may form explosive mixture with air. Vapour is heavier than air and may accumulate in confined spaces.

This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with the material must be contained; do not empty into drains. Run off to sewer may cause fire or explosion hazard.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Fire fighters should wear complete protective clothing including self-contained breathing apparatus. Move containers from the fire area if it is safe to do so. Cool containers exposed to flames with plenty of water until well after the fire is out. Do not allow product or run-off to enter drains, sewers, or watercourses.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency responders Eliminate sources of ignition. Ensure adequate ventilation.

Do not touch or walk through split material. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Do not breathe fumes/ mist/ vapours/ spray. Wear suitable personal protective equipment, (see Section 8). The vapour is heavier than air; it will

concentrate in low lying areas; beware of pits and confined spaces.

For emergency responders

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Wear suitable personal protective equipment, including gloves, goggles/face shield, boots, and protective clothing. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate (see section 8). Do not breathe fumes/mist/vapours/spray. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. The vapour is heavier than air; it will concentrate in low lying areas, beware of pits and confined

spaces.

6.2 Environmental precautions

The product is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Collect spillage. Do not allow to enter drains, sewers, or watercourses. Spillages or uncontrolled discharges into watercourses must be alerted to the Environment Agency or other appropriate regulatory body.



6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment Stop the leak if it is safe to do so. Contain the spillage with sand, earth, or any

suitable non-combustible adsorbent material.

For cleaning up Use sand, earth, or any suitable non-combustible adsorbent material to adsorb

spillages. Using non-sparking tools transfer the contaminated absorbent material into a UN approved container for disposal. Containers should be sealed before being disposed of via an authorised waste disposal contractor.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See section 8 for personal protective equipment. See section 13 for waste disposal.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources. No smoking. explosion-proof [electrical/ventilating/lighting/] equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges.

Do not breathe fumes/ mist/ vapours/ spray. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/ hearing protection.

Do not eat, drink, or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. Keep only in original container and keep it tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources. Keep away from direct sunlight.

Storage temperature Ambient Storage life 12 months

Incompatible materials Keep away from strong acids and oxidising agents. Do not store

in aluminium metal

7.3 Specific end use(s)

For the electrolytic chemical etching of metals.

Follow supplier's recommendations on correct use of the product.



SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

8.1.1 Occupational Exposure Limits

Source UK EH40/2005, 4th edition 2020. Workplace exposure limits, and GESTIS - International limit values.

Substance	Long-term exposure limit S CAS No. (8-hr TWA reference period) (3			Short-term e (15-min refe	Note	
		ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³	
E.I.	64.47.5	1000	1920	-	-	UK
Ethanol	64-17-5	-	-	1000	-	Ireland
Molybdenum compounds (as Mo) soluble compounds		-	5	-	10	UV
Molybdenum compounds (as Mo) insoluble compounds		-	10	-	20	UK
Mica, total inhalable		-	10	-	-	UK
Mica, respirable	12001-26-2	-	0.8	-	-	UK
Mica, respirable		-	3	-	-	Ireland
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	25	123	50	246	UK Sk, BMGV
2-butoxyethanor	111-70-2	20	98	50	246	Ireland
Ethyl acetate	141-78-6	200	734	400	1468	UK, Ireland
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light, aromatic	64742-95-6	500	-	-	-	UK (1)
Methanol	67-56-1	200	266	250	333	Sk

Sk: Can be absorbed through the skin. The assigned substances are those for which there are concerns that dermal absorption will lead to systemic toxicity.

BMGV: Biological monitoring guidance value

(1) Value for aromatics, approved by ACTS. Hydrocarbon solvents supplied as a complex mixture, HSE ACTS procedure, see EH40, paragraphs 84-87.

Biological monitoring guidance value

Substance	Biological monitoring guidance value	Sampling time
2-butoxyethanol	240 mmol butoxyacetic acid/mol creatinine in urine	Post shift



Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) – Workers

		Route of	Acute/short-t	erm exposure	Long-term exposure		
Substance	CAS No.	exposure	Systemic effects	Local effects	Systemic effects	Local effects	
		Inhalation	No hazard identified	1900 mg/m³ irritation (respiratory tract)	380 mg/m³ carcinogenicity	No hazard identified	
Ethanol	64-17-5	Dermal	No hazard identified	No hazard identified	343 mg/kg bw/day repeated dose toxicity	No hazard identified	
		Eye		Medium hazard (n	o threshold derived)	
Molybdenum	4242.27.5	Inhalation	No hazard identified	No hazard identified	16.76mg/m³ repeated dose toxicity	3 mg/m³ repeated dose toxicity	
trioxide	1313-27-5	Dermal		No hazar	d identified		
		Eye		No hazar	d identified		
Ammonium	Inhalation	No hazard identified	920 μg/m³	640 µg/m³ developmental toxicity/ teratogenicity	180 µg/m³ repeated dose toxicity		
trioxovanadate	7803-55-6	Dermal	No hazard identified				
		Eye	Low hazard (no threshold derived)	Low hazard (no threshold derived)	Low hazard (no threshold derived)	Low hazard (no threshold derived)	
	111-76-2	Inhalation	1 091 mg/m³ acute toxicity	246 mg/m³ irritation (respiratory tract)	98 mg/m³ repeated dose toxicity	No hazard identified	
2-butoxyethanol		Dermal	No hazard identified	Medium hazard (no threshold derived)	Low hazard (no threshold derived)	No hazard identified	
		Eye	Medium hazard (no threshold derived)				
		Inhalation	1468 mg/m ³ irritation (respiratory tract)	1468 mg/m³ irritation (respiratory tract)	734 mg/m³ irritation (respiratory tract)	734 mg/m³ irritation (respiratory tract)	
Ethyl acetate	141-78-6	Dermal	No hazard identified	Low hazard (no threshold derived)	63 mg/kg bw/day irritation (respiratory tract)	No hazard identified	
		Eye	Low hazard (no threshold derived)				
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light, aromatic		Inhalation	1286.4 mg/m³ neurotoxicity	1066.67 mg/m³ irritation (respiratory tract)	1.9 mg/m³ repeated dose toxicity	837.5 mg/m ³ irritation (respiratory tract)	
	64742-95-6	Dermal	High hazard (no threshold derived)	Low hazard (no threshold derived)	High hazard (no threshold derived)	High hazard (no threshold derived)	
		Eye		No hazar	d identified		



		Inhalation		130 mg/m³	acute toxicity	
Methanol	67-56-1	Dermal	20 mg/kg bw/day acute toxicity	No hazard identified	20 mg/kg bw/day acute toxicity	No hazard identified
		Eye		No hazaro	d identified	

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) - General population

		Route of	Acute/short-	term exposure	Long-tern	n exposure	
Substance	Substance CAS No.	exposure	Systemic effects	Local effects	Systemic effects	Local effects	
		Inhalation	No hazard identified	950 mg/m³ irritation (respiratory tract)	114 mg/m³ carcinogenicity	No hazard identified	
Ethanol	64-17-5	Dermal	No hazard identified	No hazard identified	206 mg/kg bw/day repeated dose toxicity	No hazard identified	
		Oral	No hazard identified	-	87 mg/kg bw/day repeated dose toxicity	-	
				Medium hazard (n	o threshold derived)	
		Inhalation	No hazard identified	No hazard identified	5 mg/m³ repeated dose toxicity	2 mg/m³ repeated dose toxicity	
N. d. a. l. a. la al a a a a a a a		Dermal		No hazaro	d identified		
Molybdenum trioxide	1313-27-5	Oral	No hazard identified	-	5.1 mg/kg bw/day repeated dose toxicity	-	
		Eye	No hazard identified				
		Inhalation	No hazard identified	0.570 mg/m ³	0.180 mg/m³ developmental toxicity / teratogenicity	0.110 mg/m³ repeated dose toxicity	
Ammonium		Dermal		No hazaro	d identified		
trioxovanadate	7803-55-6	Oral	0.920 mg/kg bw/day	-	0.180 mg/kg bw/day repeated dose toxicity	-	
		Eye		Low hazard (no t	threshold derived)		
		Inhalation	426 mg/m³ acute toxicity	147 mg/m³ irritation (respiratory tract)	59 mg/m³ repeated dose toxicity	No hazard identified	
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	Dermal	No hazard identified	Medium hazard (no threshold derived)	No hazard identified	No hazard identified	
		Oral	26.7 mg/kg bw/day acute toxicity	-	6.3 mg/kg bw/day repeated dose toxicity	-	



		Eye		Medium hazard (no threshold derived)			
Ethyl acetate 14:		Inhalation	734 mg/m³ irritation (respiratory tract)	734 mg/m³ irritation (respiratory tract)	367 mg/m³ irritation (respiratory tract)	367 mg/m³ irritation (respiratory tract)	
	141-78-6	Dermal	No hazard identified	No hazard identified	37 mg/kg bw/day irritation (respiratory tract)	Low hazard (no threshold derived)	
		Oral	No hazard identified	-	4.5 mg/kg bw/day repeated dose toxicity	-	
		Eye	Low hazard (no threshold derived)				
		Inhalation	1152 mg/m³ neurotoxicity	640 mg/m³ irritation (respiratory tract)	0.410 mg/m³ repeated dose toxicity	178.57 mg/m ³ irritation (respiratory tract)	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light, aromatic	64742-95-6	Dermal	High hazard (no threshold derived)	Low hazard (no threshold derived)	High hazard (no threshold derived)	High hazard (no threshold derived)	
		Oral	No hazard identified	-	No hazard identified	-	
		Eye	No hazard identified				
		Inhalation		26 mg/m³ a	acute toxicity		
Methanol	67-56-1	Dermal	4 mg/kg bw/day acute toxicity	No hazard identified	4 mg/kg bw/day acute toxicity	No hazard identified	
ivietnanoi	0/-50-1	Oral	4 mg/kg bw/day acute toxicity	-	4 mg/kg bw/day acute toxicity	-	
		Eye		No hazaro	d identified		

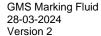
Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

Substance	Ethanol	Molybdenum trioxide	Ammonium trioxovanadate
CAS No.	64-17-5	1313-27-5	7803-55-6
Hazard for Aquatic Organism	s		
Freshwater	0.960 mg/L	11.9 - 17.9 mg/L	0.0076 mg/L
Intermittent releases (freshwater)	2.75 mg/L	-	0.00693 mg/L
Marine water	0.790 mg/L	2.28 - 3.42 mg/L	0.0025 mg/L
Intermittent releases (marine water)	-	-	-
Sewage treatment plant (STP)	580 mg/L	21.7 - 32.6 mg/L	0.450 mg/L
Sediment (freshwater)	3.6 mg/kg sediment dw	21 200 - 31 800 mg/kg sediment dw	240 mg/kg sediment dw
Sediment (marine water)	2.9 mg/kg sediment dw	2 370 - 3 560 mg/kg sediment dw	79 mg/kg sediment dw



Hazard for Air				
Air	No hazard identified No hazard identified			
Hazard for Terrestrial Orga	nism			
Soil	0.630 mg/kg soil dw	9.9 - 14.9 mg/kg soil dw	7.2 mg/kg soil dw	
Hazard for Predators				
Secondary poisoning	380 - 720 mg/kg food	No potential for bioaccumulation	167 μg/kg food	

Substance	2-butoxyethanol	Ethyl acetate	Methanol
CAS No.	111-76-2	141-78-6	67-56-1
Hazard for Aquatic Organism	ns		
Freshwater	8.8 mg/L	0.240 mg/L	No hazard identified
Intermittent releases (freshwater)	26.4 mg/L	1.65 mg/L	No hazard identified
Marine water	0.880 mg/L	0.024 mg/L	No hazard identified
Intermittent releases (marine water)	-	-	No hazard identified
Sewage treatment plant (STP)	463 mg/L	650 mg/L	No hazard identified
Sediment (freshwater)	34.6 mg/kg sediment dw	1.15 mg/kg sediment dw	No hazard identified
Sediment (marine water)	3.46 mg/kg sediment dw	115 μg/kg sediment dw	No hazard identified
Hazard for Air			
Air	No hazard identified	No hazard identified	No hazard identified
Hazard for Terrestrial Organ	ism		
Soil	2.33 mg/kg soil dw	148 μg/kg soil dw	No hazard identified
Hazard for Predators		•	
Secondary poisoning	20 mg/kg food	200 mg/kg food	No potential for bioaccumulation





8.2 Exposure controls

8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls Provide adequate ventilation, including appropriate local extraction, to minimise exposure to vapours. A washing facility/water for eye and skin cleaning purposes should be present.

8.2.2. Personal protection equipment

Eye and face protection

Wear safety glasses with side protection (EN166).



Skin protection - hand



Skin protetion – other

Respiratory protection



Thermal hazards

General hygiene

Wear chemical resistant gloves (EN 374). Contact glove supplier to confirm suitable glove material, thickness, and breakthrough times. If contact with forearms is likely, wear gauntlet-style gloves.

Wear long sleeve chemical resistant protective clothing. Plastic apron. Nitrile rubber boots.

In the case of insufficient ventilation, wear respiratory equipment. Suitable respiratory protection for lower concentrations or short-term effect: Filter type ABEK-P3 (EN 14387).

None known.

Do not eat, drink, or smoke when using this product. t. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

8.2.3. Environmental Exposure Controls

Avoid release to the environment. Contain spillages.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

(a) Physical state **Paste** (b) Colour Yellow (c) Odour Characteristic (d) Melting point/freezing point No data available (e)Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling No data available

range

(f) Flammability (solid) Not applicable

(g) Upper/lower explosion limits UEL: 19% (w/w); LEL: 1.1% (w/w)

(h) Flash point 14 °C (calculated) (i) Auto-ignition temperature No data available (j) Decomposition temperature (°C) No data available No data available

(k) pH (I) Kinematic viscosity Not applicable (m) Solubility(ies) Soluble in water



(n) Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

(o) Vapour pressure

(p) Density and/or relative density

(q) Relative vapour density

(r) Particle characteristics

(s) Explosive properties

(t) Oxidising properties

No data available
No data available
No data available
No data available
Not applicable
Not explosive
Not oxidising

9.2 Other information

No additional information

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May form explosive peroxides. Vapour may form explosive mixture with air. Vapour is heavier than air and may accumulate in confined spaces.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources. No smoking. Keep away from direct sunlight.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Keep away from strong acids and oxidising agents. Keep away from metals and aluminium.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon oxides (CO and CO₂), nitrogen oxides (NO and NO₂), molybdenum oxides and vanadium oxides.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

(a) Acute toxicity

Acute toxicity - Oral Acute Tox. 4. Harmful if swallowed.

Acute toxicity estimate (ATE): 300 - 2000 mg/kg bw

Acute toxicity - Dermal Not classified. Based on the available data, the classification criteria are

not met.

Acute toxicity estimate (ATE): > 2000mg/kg bw

Acute toxicity - Inhalation Not classified. Based on the available data, the classification criteria are

not met.

Acute toxicity estimate (ATE): > 20 mg/L.



Substance	Acute toxicity - oral	Acute toxicity - dermal	Acute toxicity - inhalation
Ammonium trioxovanadate	LD ₅₀ : 141.43 mg/Kg (rat,	LD ₅₀ > 2000 mg/Kg (rats,	LC ₅₀ : 2.43 mg/L (rats,
	female)	male and female)	female) (air)
2-butoxyethanol	LD ₅₀ : 1200 mg/Kg (guinea	LD ₅₀ > 2000 mg/Kg (guinea	LC ₅₀ : 3 mg/L (vapours)
	pig, male and female)	pig, male and female)	LC50. 3 Hig/L (vapours)
Methanol	The classification is only based upon the experiences in humans and classifies methanol		
	as acutely toxic by oral, dermal and inhalative exposure		

(b) Skin corrosion/irritation Not classified. Based on the available data, the classification criteria are

not met.

(c) Serious eye damage/irritation Eye Irrit. 2. Causes serious eye irritation.

(d) Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation Not classified. Based on the available data, the classification criteria are

not met.

Skin Sens. 1A. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

(e) Germ cell mutagenicity Muta. 1B. May cause genetic defects.

(f) Carcinogenicity Carc. 1B. May cause cancer.

(g) Reproductive toxicity Repr. 2. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child (oral)

(developmental toxicity).

(h) STOT-single exposure STOT SE 3. May cause respiratory irritation.

(i) STOT-repeated exposure STOT RE 2. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure (respiratory tract, inhalation).

(j) Aspiration hazard Not classified. Based on the available data, the classification criteria are

not met.

Information on likely routes of exposure

Ingestion Harmful if swallowed

Skin contact May cause an allergic skin reaction. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or

cracking.

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation
Inhalation May cause respiratory irritation

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Ingestion Harmful if swallowed. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child (oral)

(developmental toxicity).

Skin contact May cause an allergic skin reaction. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or

cracking. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer.

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (respiratory

tract, inhalation).

11.2 Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

The mixture does not contain any ingredient that is known to cause endocrine disruption.



SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

Aquatic Chronic 3. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Data on aquatic toxicity

Ammonium trioxovanadate CAS 7803-55-6

Acute (short-term) toxicity

Fish (Leuciscus idus) – fresh water LC_{50} 96-h: 0.693 mg V/L (V_2O_5) Fish (Limanda limanda) – marine water LC_{50} 96-h: 27.800 mg V/L (NH_4VO_3) Invertebrates (Daphnia magna) – fresh water LC_{50} 48-h: 1.520 mg V/L (V_2O_5) Invertebrates (Americamysis bahia) – marine water LC_{50} 48-h: 13.300 mg V/L ($NaVO_3$) Algae (Scenedesmus subspicatus) – fresh water LC_{50} 72-h: 2.907 mg V/L (V_2O_5)

Chronic (long-term) toxicity

 $\begin{array}{lll} \mbox{Fish (Jordanella floridae)} - \mbox{fresh water} & \mbox{EC}_{10} \ 30\mbox{-d: } 0.076 \mbox{ mg V/L (V_2O$_5)} \\ \mbox{Invertebrates (Daphnia magna)} - \mbox{fresh water} & \mbox{NOEC } 98\mbox{-d: } 0.560 \mbox{ mg V/L ($NaVO$_3)} \\ \mbox{Algae (Scenedesmus subspicatus)} - \mbox{fresh water} & \mbox{EC}_{10} \ 72\mbox{-h: } 0.716 \mbox{ mg V/L (V_2O$_5)} \\ \end{array}$

12.2. Persistence and degradability

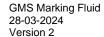
No data available on the mixture. The following data are for the product components:

Substance	Data
Ethanol	Readily biodegradable
Molybdenum trioxide	Not relevant for inorganic substances
Ammonium trioxovanadate	Not relevant for inorganic substances
Mica	Not relevant for inorganic substances
2-butoxyethanol	Readily biodegradable
Ethyl acetate	Readily biodegradable
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light, aromatic	Not relevant for UVCB hydrocarbon
Condensation products of dimerised fatty acids, C18-	
unsaturated, with N,N-dimethyl-1,3- propanediamine	Readily biodegradable
and 1,3-propanediamine	
Methanol	Readily biodegradable

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available on the mixture. The following data are for the products components:

Substance	Partition coefficient n-octanol /water (Log Kow)	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Ethanol	Low potential for bioaccumulation Log Kow (Log Pow): -0.35 at 20 °C	BCF: 1 - 3 at 20 °C
Molybdenum trioxide	Not applicable for inorganic substances	BCF: The lowest bioaccumulation factor observed was 0.05
Ammonium trioxovanadate	Not applicable for inorganic substances	BCF: 12.3 L/kg ww
Mica	Not applicable for inorganic substances	-
2-butoxyethanol	Log Kow (Log Pow): 0.81 at 20 °C	-
Ethyl acetate	Log Kow (Log Pow): 0.68 at 25 °C	BCF: 30 on aquatic species at 22.5 °C
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light,	Not relevant for UVCB hydrocarbon	-





aromatic		
Condensation products of dimerised fatty acids, C18- unsaturated, with N,N-dimethyl-1,3- propanediamine and 1,3-propanediamine	Log Kow (Log Pow): > 5.5 at 20 °C	Study technically not feasible
Methanol	Log Kow = - 0.77 at 20 °C	BCF: < 10

12.4. Mobility in soil

Ammonium trioxovanadate is readily soluble in water (7.81 g/L). It is expected to be highly mobile in soils.

Inorganic substances and organic solvents (ethanol, 2-butoxyethanol, ethyl acetate) are also readily soluble in water and expected to be mobile in soils.

Condensation products of dimerised fatty acids, C18-unsaturated, with N,N-dimethyl-1,3-propanediamine and 1,3-propanediamine (Log Koc: >5.6) and solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic are poorly soluble and expected to persist in soils.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

This mixture does not cause endocrine disruption.

12.7. Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product and packaging to be disposed of as hazardous waste. Disposal should be in accordance with local, state, or national legislation. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Do not landfill.

Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Dispose of uncleaned empty containers as hazardous waste in accordance with local, state, or national legislation.

Contaminated adsorbent must be removed in sealed, plastic lined drums and disposed of via an authorised waste disposal contractor. Do not empty into drains; dispose of this material and its container in a safe way.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

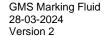
According to ADR/ADN/RID/IMDG/ICAO/IATA.

14.1. UN number or ID number

UN 1210

14.2. UN Proper shipping name

PRINTING INK RELATED MATERIAL





14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

3

14.4. Packing group

Ш

14.5. Environmental hazards

None

14.6. Special precautions for user

None

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulations

This product has been classified according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP).

This SDS has been prepared in accordance with REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 as amended by Commission Regulation EU 2020/878.

Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation

REACH: ANNEX XIV list of substances subject to authorisation No components listed

REACH: Annex XVII Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures, and articles

No components listed

Ammonium trioxovanadate

Entry 65. Inorganic ammonium salts (not applicable for this product)

1. Shall not be placed on the market, or used, in cellulose insulation mixtures or cellulose insulation articles after 14 July 2018 unless the emission of ammonia from those mixtures or articles results in a concentration of less than 3 ppm by volume (2,12 mg/m3) under the test conditions specified in paragraph 4.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light, aromatic

Entry 28. Substances which are classified as carcinogen category 1A or 1B in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and are listed in Appendix 1 or Appendix 2, respectively.

Entry 29. Substances which are classified as germ cell mutagen category 1A or 1B in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and are listed in Appendix 3 or Appendix 4, respectively.

1. Shall not be placed on the market, or used,



- as substances,
- as constituents of other substances, or,
- in mixtures,

for supply to the general public when the individual concentration in the substance or mixture is equal to or greater than:

- either the relevant specific concentration limit specified in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008, or,
- the relevant generic concentration limit specified in Part 3 of Annex I of Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

'Restricted to professional users'

Methanol

Entry 69. Methanol

Shall not be placed on the market to the general public after 9 May 2019 in windscreen washing or defrosting fluids, in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,6 % by weight.

Community Rolling Action Plan (CoRAP)

No components listed

Regulation (EC) N° 850/2004 of the European Parliament and No components listed

of the Council on persistent organic pollutants

Regulation (EC) N° 2037/2000 on substances that deplete the No components listed

ozone layer

Regulation (EU) N° 649/2012 of the European Parliament and No components listed of the Council concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals

UK Regulations

This product has been classified according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP) amended by GB CLP (UK SI 2019/720 as amended).

This SDS has been prepared in accordance with REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, amended by UK REACH. (UK SI 2019/758 as amended).

Health and Safety at Work Act

The Control of Major Accident Hazards (COMAH) Regulations. The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health (COSHH) Regulations UK Waste (Circular Economy) (Amendment) Regulations 2020

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A REACH chemical safety assessment has not been carried out.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

i) Indication of changes

Version number 2

28/03/2024 Revision

Updated to reflect changes in the REACH dossier and to Regulation (EU) 2020/878. Inclusion Reason for update

of Skin Sens. 1A classification and removal of Skin Irrit. 2 classification.

Previous version 22/11/2019 PRYOR MARKING TECHNOLOGY

GMS Marking Fluid 28-03-2024 Version 2

ii) Abbreviations and acronyms

ADN European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland

Waterways

ADR European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

ATE Acute toxicity estimate
BCF Bioconcentration factor

CAS number Chemical Abstracts Service number CLP Classification, Labelling and Packaging

CORAP Community rolling action plan
DNEL Derived No Effect Level

EC number European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances or European List of

Notified Chemical Substances number

ECHA European Chemicals Agency

EUH EU Hazard Statement

IATA International Air Transport Association
ICAO International Civil Aviation Organization
IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods
IMO International Maritime Organisation

L(E)C₅₀ Lethal concentration, 50%; Effect concentration, 50%

LD₅₀ Lethal dose, 50% Lower explosion limit

NOEC No observed effect concentration
PBT Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic
PNEC Predicted no effect concentration

REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals

RID Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

SCL Specific concentration limit
STOT Specific target organ toxicity
UEL Upper explosion limit

UVCB Unknown or variable composition, complex reaction products or of biological materials

WEL Workplace exposure limit

vPvB very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

iii) Key literature references and sources for data

ECHA dossiers CLP Legislation REACH Legislation

GB mandatory classification and labelling list

Regulation (EC) N° 850/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council on persistent organic pollutants

Regulation (EC) N° 2037/2000 on substances that deplete the ozone layer

Regulation (EU) N° 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the export and import of

hazardous chemicals

EH40/2005 4th Edition, 2020

GESTIS ILV (https://limitvalue.ifa.dguv.de/)
Endocrine Disruptor Lists (https://edlists.org/)

iv) Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]

Classification according to Regulation Classification procedure

(EC) No. 1272/2008 and GB CLP

Flam Liq. 2 Flash point Acute Tox. 4 (oral) Calculation

Skin Sens. 1A Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2 Calculation method
STOT SE 3 Calculation method



Muta. 1B	Calculation method
Carc. 1B	Calculation method
Repr. 2	Calculation method
STOT RE 2	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3	Summation method

Aquatic Chronic 3	Summation method		
v) Relevant H-statements (number and full text)			
Flam. Liq. 2 H225	Flammable Liquid, category 2. Highly flammable liquid and vapour		
Asp. Tox. 1 H304	Aspiration hazard, category 1. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways		
Acute Tox. 3 H301	Acute Toxicity, category 3 – oral. Toxic if swallowed		
Acute Tox. 4 H302	Acute Toxicity, category 4 – oral. Harmful if swallowed		
Acute Tox. 3 H311	Acute Toxicity, category 3 – dermal. Toxic in contact with skin		
Skin Irrit. 2 H315	Skin irritation/corrosion, category 2. Causes skin irritation		
Skin Sens. 1A H317	Skin sensitisation, category 1. May cause an allergic skin reaction		
Eye Irrit. 2 H319	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, category 2. Causes serious eye irritation		
Acute Tox. 3 H331	Acute Toxicity, category 3 – inhalation. Toxic if inhaled		
Acute Tox. 4 H332	Acute Toxicity, category 4 – inhalation. Harmful if inhaled		
STOT SE 3 H335	Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure, category 3. May cause respiratory irritation		
STOT SE 3 H336	Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure, category 3. May cause drowsiness or dizziness		
Muta. 1B H340	Germ Cell Mutagenicity, category 1B. May cause genetic defects		
Carc. 1B H350	Carcinogenicity, category 1B. May cause cancer		
Carc. 2 H351	Carcinogenicity, category 2. Suspected of causing cancer		
Repr. 2 H361 (oral)	Reproductive Toxicity, category 2. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child (oral) (developmental toxicity)		
STOT RE 1 H372 (Respiratory track) (inhalation)	Specific Target Organ Toxicity – Repeated Exposure, category 1. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (respiratory tract, inhalation)		
STOT RE 1 H373 (Respiratory	Specific Target Organ Toxicity – Repeated Exposure, category 2. May cause damage to		
track) (inhalation) Aquatic Chronic 2 H411	organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (respiratory tract, inhalation) Hazardous to the aquatic environment, aquatic chronic, category 2. Toxic to aquatic life		
Aquatic Ciriotile 2 11411	with long lasting effects		
Aquatic Chronic 3 H412	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, aquatic chronic, category 3. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects		
EUH066	'Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking'		

vi) Training advice

Always read the label, safety data sheet and product information before use. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

vii) Further information

No further information

End of safety data sheet

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